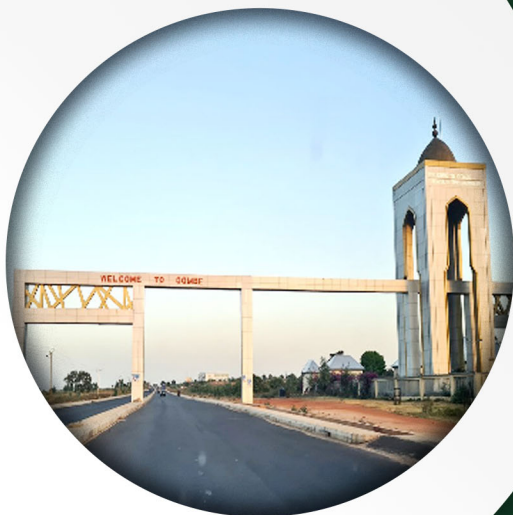




NIGERIA GOVERNORS' FORUM



Gombe State Health Profile

Jewel in the Savannah





Your Excellency,

This profile gives a snapshot of the key health indices in your state as well as some of the key actions your excellency needs to prioritize to build a stronger and resilient health system for better health outcomes.

Signed

DG NGF

Get to Know Gombe State



Gombe state, ranked 31st in terms of population size and has a population density of 181 persons/km².



Created
01/10/1996



Land Mass
18,768 km²



Population
3,397,447



LGAs
11



Political Wards
114



Under 1 Population
135,898



Under 5 Population
679,489



Women of Child Bearing Age
747,438

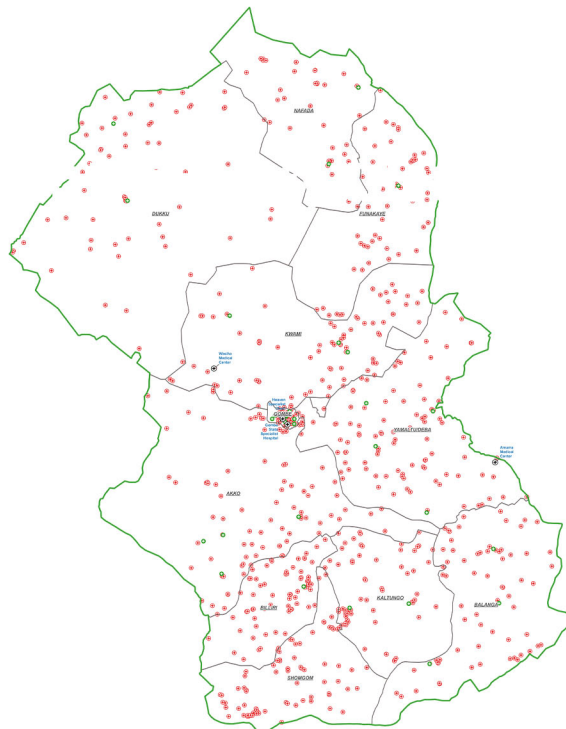


Pregnant Women
169,872

Health Facility Distribution



Gombe State has adequate number of health facilities for its population size based on the standard of 1 basic health unit per 10,000 population.



Primary Health Facility Secondary Health Facility Tertiary Health Facility Local Government Area Boundaries State Boundary

Primary **627**

Public: **627** Private: **0**

Secondary **158**

Public: **24** Private: **134**

Tertiary **2**

Public: **1** Private: **1**

**Health Facility
Per Capita** **2/10,000
Population**



Call to Action

The state government should:

1. Focus on enhancing the quality of existing facilities rather than building new ones.
2. Aim at ensuring at least one **FUNCTIONAL** primary health care centre per ward in line with the national PHC revitalization strategy.

Human Resource for Health



The number of skilled birth attendants is far below the recommended minimum standard required to be on path to 'ending preventable deaths by 2030'.



Health Training Institutions

Institution	Public	Private	Admission Quota
College(s) of Medicine	1	1	150
School(s) of Nursing & Midwifery	2	0	260
School(s) of Health Technology	1	10	2200
School(s) of Pharmacy	1	1	150



Human Resource for Health

Occupation	Number	Density (Per 10,000 Population)	Target (WHO)
Doctors	152	<1	10
Nurses/Midwives	827	2.4	30
Community Health Workers	1565	5	10
Pharmacists	145	<1	2.5



Call to Action

The State government should **PRIORITIZE** investments in Human Resource for Health (HRH) by:

1. Developing a realistic comprehensive HRH plan (including an implementation plan) that includes a minimum HR requirement for the different types of health facilities, taking into account the fiscal space of the state.
2. Recruiting based on the implementation plan (including incentives to retain).

Health Financing



Gombe state is not investing adequately in health as evidenced by the low annual budgetary allocation and a per capita expenditure on health of N3,787.60; this may have contributed to some of the poor health outcomes in the state.

Allocation - FY 2022



Total State Budget

₦155.0 bn



Allocation to Health (%)

₦14.0 bn (9%)



Percentage Health Allocation to PHC

₦2.0 bn (15%)

Performance - FY 2022



State Budget Performance

₦124.9 bn

81%



Health Budget Performance

₦12.9 bn

92%



Health Expenditure Per Capita

₦3,787.6



Call to Action

The state should gradually work towards \$29*(N12,000 approx.) per capita and invest more in health insurance.

Reference: ((prorated state contribution from \$86 per capita – WHO recommended) World Health Organization. (2018).

Health Insurance



The state has a functional state social health insurance scheme which makes health insurance mandatory. There is release of Government/employee contribution for the formal sector however, the non-release of equity fund would negatively impact on the scheme.

Scorecard (2022)

Indicator	Status
Existence of a State Social Health Insurance Agency	●
Health Insurance Made Mandatory	●
Equity Funds Release	●
Government Contribution For Formal Sector	●
Employee Contribution For Formal Sector	●

Total No. of Enrollees



678

● Target Not Met

● Target Met

● No Data



Call to Action

The State Government to ensure regular and timely release of equity fund.

PHCUOR Scorecard

Primary Health Care Under One Roof



While Gombe state has performed well in its implementation of the Primary Health Care Under One Roof policy, it is yet to complete its repositioning of staff and program.

Scorecard	
Indicator	Status
Existence of a State Primary Health Care Board	●
Existence of Approved Minimum Service Package That Is Linked To SSHDP	●
Existence of Costed Service Delivery/Investment Plan	●
Provision Made For Investment Plan In The Annual Budget of The Last Year	●
PHC Programmes And Staff Moved To SPHCB From SMoH and SMoLGA	●

● Target Not Met
● Target Met
● No Data



Call to Action

The State Government should:

1. Ensure that PHC programmes and staff are moved to SPHCB from SMoH and SMoLGA.
2. Ensure one **FUNCTIONAL** PHC per ward as per minimum service package for healthcare delivery outlined in the National Primary Health Care Development Agency (NPHCDA) guidelines for the revitalization of PHCs.

Nutrition Scorecard



The state has a functional state committee on food and nutrition. However, the state does not have a nutrition department in relevant MDAs and most of the nutrition interventions are funded by partners which is not sustainable.

Scorecard

Indicator	Status
Existence of State Committee on Food and Nutrition	●
Presence of Nutrition Departments In Relevant MDAs	●
Budget Line For Nutrition In Key MDAs	●
Release of Fund For Nutrition (2022)	●
Availability of Multi-Sectoral Plan of Action For Nutrition	●
Availability of Government-Owned Creche	●
Approved Six Months Paid Maternity Leave.	●
Government Spending Greater than/Equal to Partner Spending	●

● Target Not Met
 ● Target Met
 ● No Data/Missing Validation



Call to Action

The state government should:

1. Set up nutrition departments in relevant MDAs (- at minimum in the following MDAs: Health, Agriculture, Budget and Planning, Women Affairs, State Primary Health Care Board);
2. Develop MSPAN and ensure prompt release of funds for its implementation;
3. Approve 6 months paid maternity leave.

Drug Management Agency (DMA) Scorecard



Gombe state has a Drug Management Agency backed by law, however the DMA and focal ward facilities have not been capitalized.

Scorecard	
Indicator	Status
State Has Established An Autonomous DMA Backed By Law	
DMA Is Capitalized	
At Least 60% Of The Focal Ward PHCs Is Capitalized	
DMA Has Pharmagrade Warehouse With Adequate Capacity	
State Has A Single Supply Chain System	
State Manages Last Mile Delivery	

Target Not Met
 Target Met
 No Data



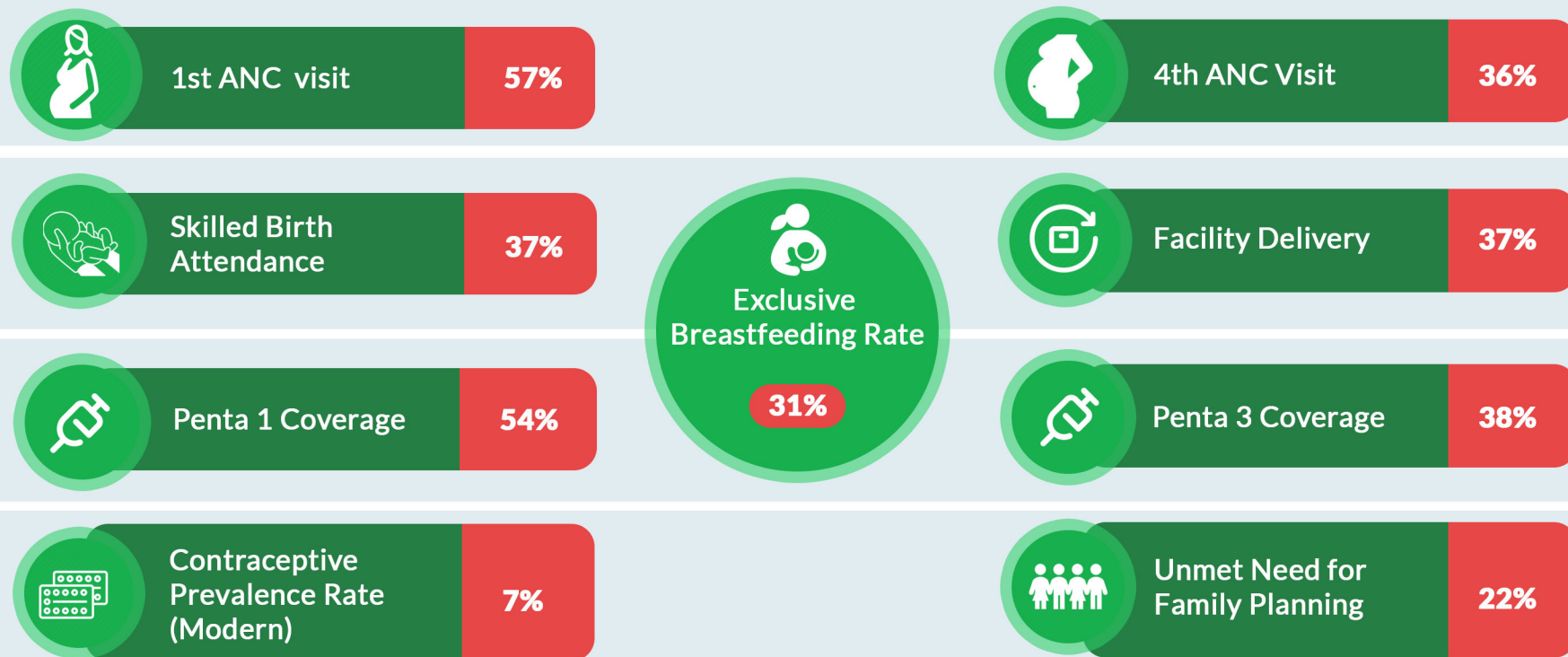
Call to Action

The State Government should ensure that the DMA and ward facilities are capitalized to ensure availability of quality and affordable essential medicines in all health facilities within the state.

Access and Service Utilization...



There is poor access and utilization of antenatal, delivery, immunization and family planning services with less than 50% of children less than 6 months of age being exclusively breastfed.



Call to Action

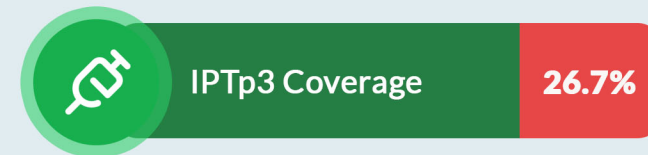
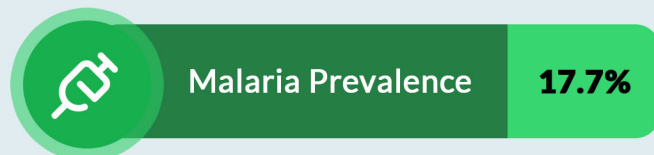
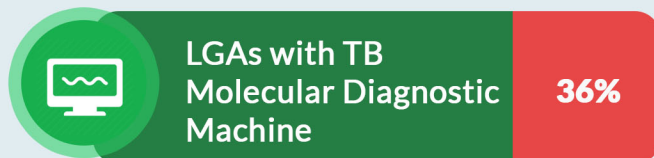
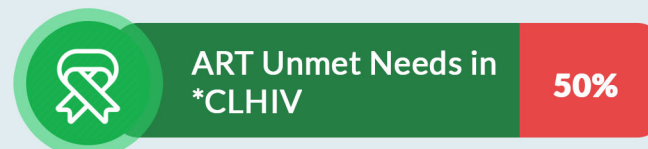
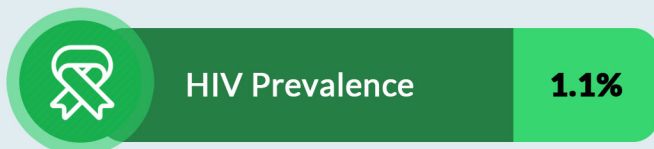
The state government should:

- 1 Improve its performance on antenatal, delivery and immunization services.
- 2 Identify and address barriers to access and utilization of family planning services and Exclusive Breast Feeding.

Access and Service Utilization



The state has limited network of TB Molecular diagnostics, high unmet needs in terms of treatment for Children living with HIV and only provides 3 doses of malaria prophylaxis for a quarter of its pregnant women.



Call to Action

The State Government should ensure at least one functional molecular diagnostic machine per LGA, scale up ART treatment for CLHIV and expand coverage of IPTp3.

CLHIV – Children Living with HIV, ART – Antiretroviral Therapy, IPTp3 - Intermittent Preventive Treatment of Malaria for Pregnant Women (3rd dose +)
Reference: HIV health Sector Report 2021, NTBLCP, NMEP, DHIS2

Health Outcomes

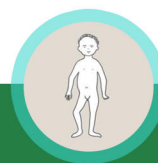


There is a significant number of zero-dose children, high numbers of children with stunting & wasting, and unacceptably high numbers of childhood mortalities in the state.



Zero Dose Children

70,443



No. of Children with Stunting

204,396



No. of Children with Wasting

26,594



No. of Children who Die before 28 Days of Life (Yearly)

4,774



No. of Children who Die before 1st Birthday (Yearly)

8,295



No. of Children who Die before 5th Birthday (Yearly)

14,935



Call to Action

The State Government urgently needs to prioritize investments in maternal and child healthcare services, including nutrition interventions, immunizations, and healthcare infrastructure to improve the health outcomes of children in the state. It is also important for the state to work with key partners to identify and target communities with unvaccinated children.

- i. Stunting: Children Shorter in Height-for-Age
- ii. Wasting: Children with Low Weight-for-Height
- iii. Zero-dose: Children who failed to receive any routine vaccination - never reached by routine immunization services

Flagship Projects



This page details the key flagship projects ongoing in Gombe state that the Government needs to sustain.

S/N	Title	Description
1	Establishment of 1 minimum general hospital per LGA	=
2	GAVI	Leadership, Management and Coordination, Service Delivery, Demand Generation, Data management and Health information, Supply Chain and Logistics, and Human Resource for health.

Partner Mapping



S/N	Implementing Partner	Intervention	Geographical Coverage
1	AHEF	NTDs	11
2	Centre for Integrated Health Project	HIV/AIDs/STI	11
3	CHAD Inter	Accountability	7
4	Chigari Foundation	RI/PEI	11
5	GAVI	Immunization & Health Systems Strengthening	11 LGAs
6	Idris Mohammed Foundation	MNCH	11
7	John Snow International	Family Planning	11
8	Lisdel	RMCH-N	-

Partner Mapping



S/N	Implementing Partner	Intervention	Geographical Coverage
9	Marie Stopes International	Family Planning	1
10	New Incentives	Immunization	11
11	Pathfinder International	Family Planning	11
12	Planned Parenthood Federation of Nigeria	Family Planning	11
13	Rotary International	MNCH, Family Planning	11
14	Shop Plus	TB	7
15	Society for Family Health	Malaria	1

Partner Mapping



S/N	Implementing Partner	Intervention	Geographical Coverage
16	The Change Initiative	Family Planning	-
17	State2State	Accountability	11
18	UNICEF	Immunization, Social Mobilization, Nutrition, MNCH, NTDs	11
19	WHO	Immunization, Disease surveillance and response, Malaria	11

Summary of Key Actions



Health Facility Distribution

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2. Aim at ensuring at least one **FUNCTIONAL** primary health care centre per ward in line with the national PHC revitalization strategy.

Human Resource for Health

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The state government should:

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The state government should also ensure at least one functional molecular diagnostic machine per LGA, scale up ART treatment for CLHIV and expand coverage of IPTp3.

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About the NGF Secretariat

The Nigeria Governors' Forum

The Nigeria Governors' Forum (NGF) was founded in 1999. It is a platform for the elected Governors of the 36 states of Nigeria that promotes collaboration amongst the Governors, irrespective of their party affiliation, to share experience, promote co-operation, and good governance at the subnational level.

The NGF Secretariat

The NGF is supported by a secretariat which is the technical and administrative arm of the Nigeria Governors' Forum. It is a policy hub and resource centre that sets agendas & priorities to enable the forum to meet its set objectives. The Secretariat serves as an interface between federal MDAs, development partners, and states. The Secretariat has several units including Health, IGR, Economics, Legal, Education, Agriculture, Peace, and Inclusive Security.

The Health Team

The health unit of the NGF Secretariat is responsible for coordinating all health-related interventions being championed by the secretariat. It is committed to catalysing a stronger health system and better health outcomes at the subnational level in line with national goals and strategies.

Our Vision

Is to be the leading go-to resource and learning hub for catalysing subnational health development and contributing to health SDGs.

Our Mission

Is to keep the NGF informed and up-to-date on health priorities and promote evidence-based decision-making & actions, accountability, and learning for better health outcomes at the subnational level.

What We Do

We leverage our convening powers to support States to achieve their health goals through Evidence Generation, High-Level Advocacy, Resource Mobilization, Accountability and Partnerships, and Capacity Building. We also engage with key federal MDAs, such as the FMOH, NHIA, NPHCDA, FMFBNP, and Office of the Vice President.

Our Team

The health team is a multidisciplinary team that includes high-profile professionals that have excelled in different fields of endeavour including Advocacy, Health Policy Analysis, Health Systems Strengthening, Public Health, Health Financing, Health Information System, Immunization, Supply Chain, Monitoring, Evaluation, and Learning.

Our Health Partners

BMGF, ADF, GAVI, UNICEF, R4D, NHED.

NIGERIA GOVERNORS' FORUM



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