





Gateway State













This profile gives a snapshot of the key health indices in your state as well as some of the key actions your excellency needs to prioritize to build a stronger and resilient health system for better health outcomes.

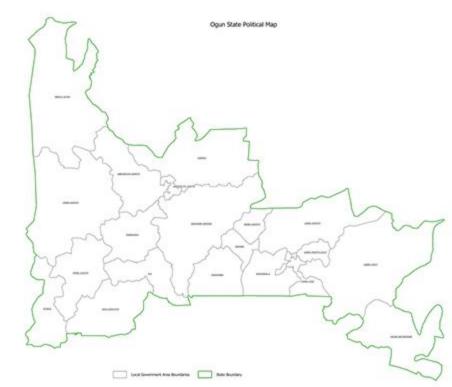
Signed

DG NGF



# Get to Know Ogun State





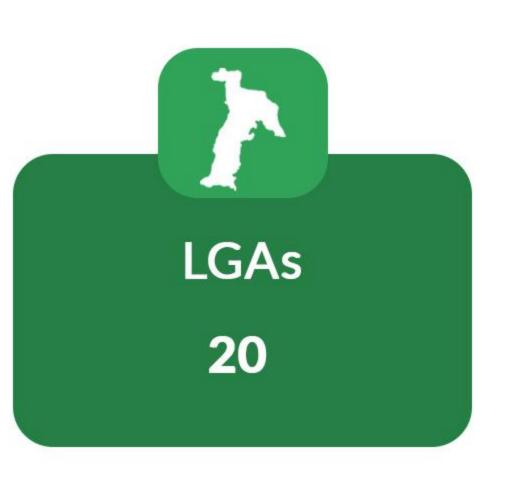


Ogun state, ranked 16th in terms of population size and has a population density of 374 persons/km<sup>2</sup>.













Under 1 Population 250,699



Under 5 Population **1,253,495** 



Women of Child Bearing Age 1,378,844



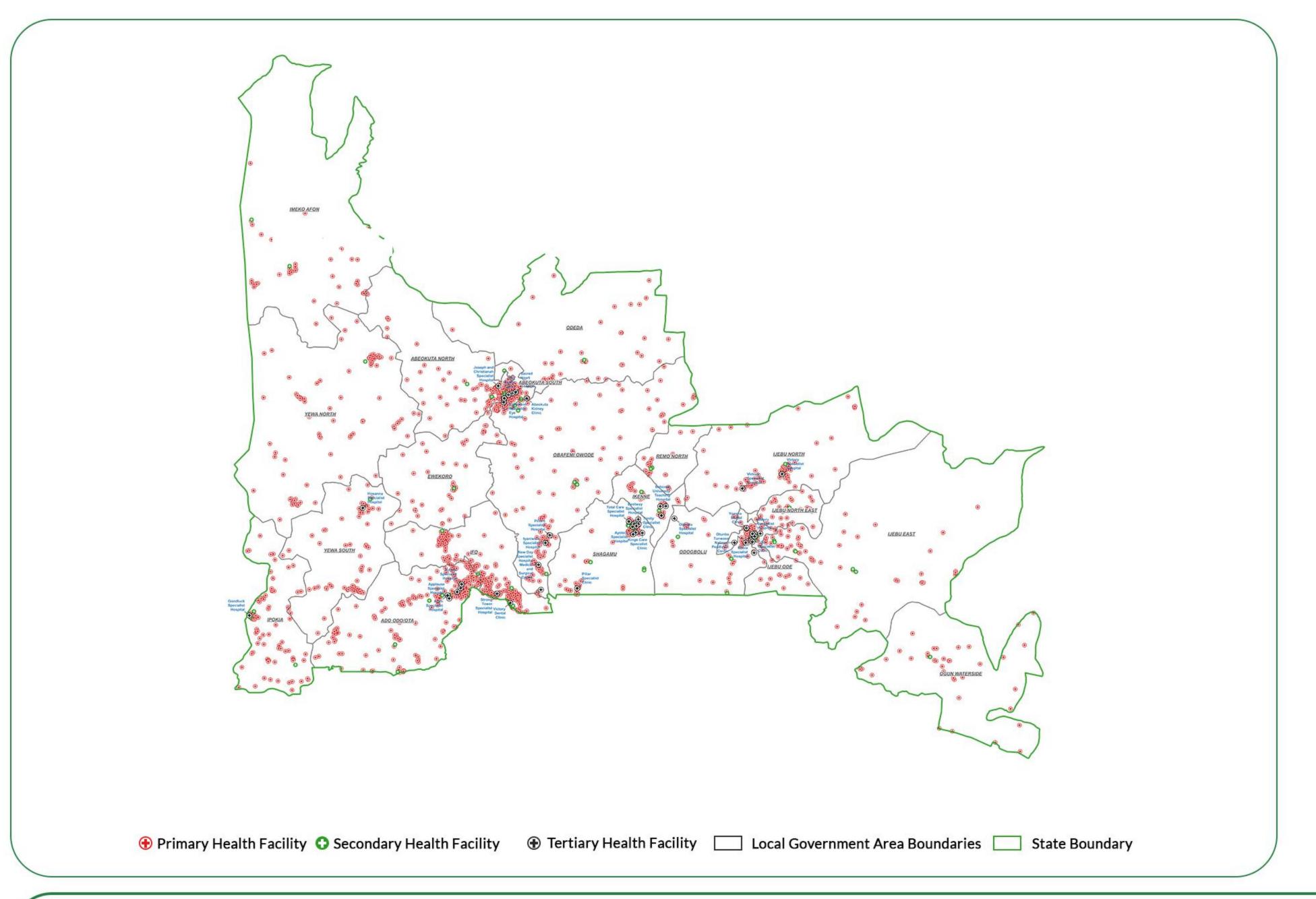
Pregnant Women 313,374

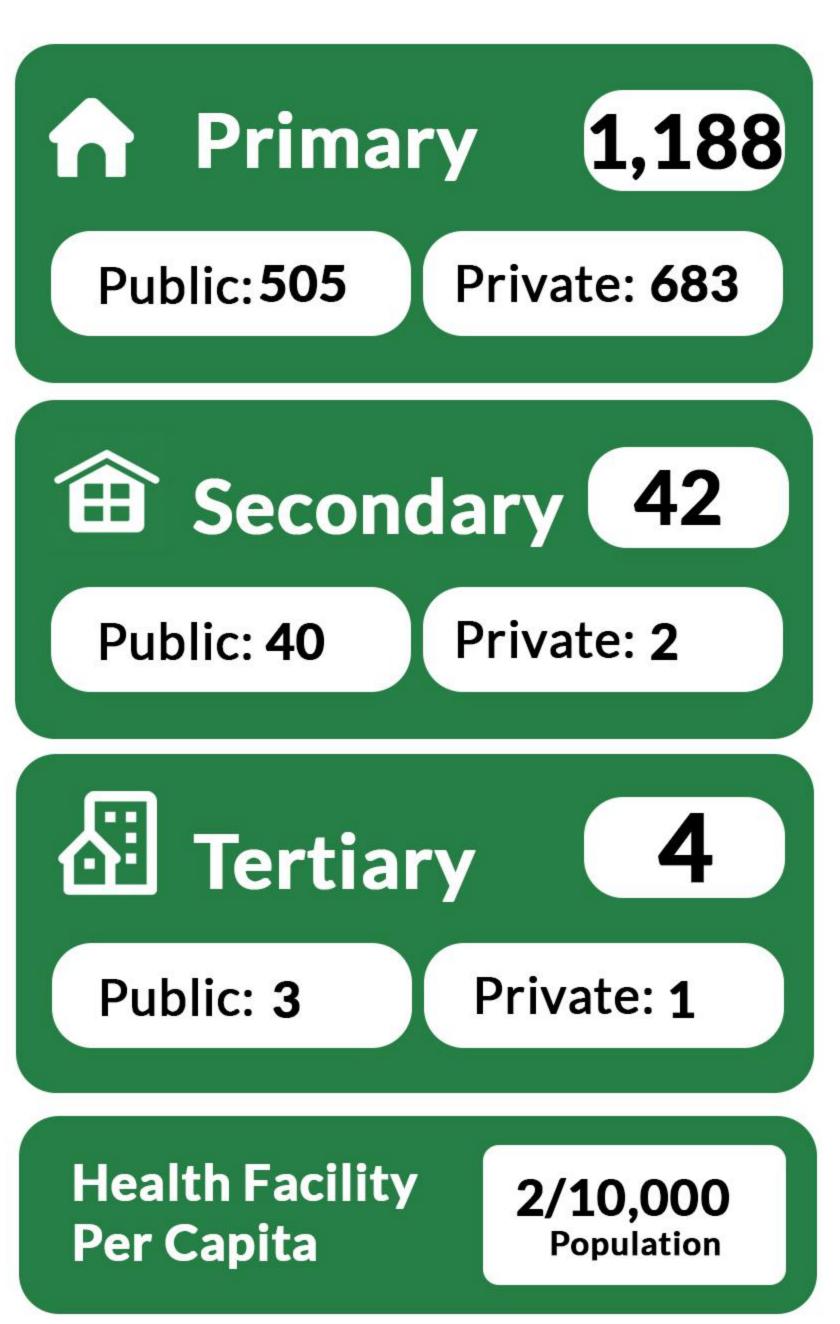
# Health Facility Distribution

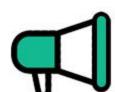




Ogun State has adequate number of health facilities for its population size based on the standard of 1 basic health unit per 10,000 population.







### **Call to Action**

The state government should:

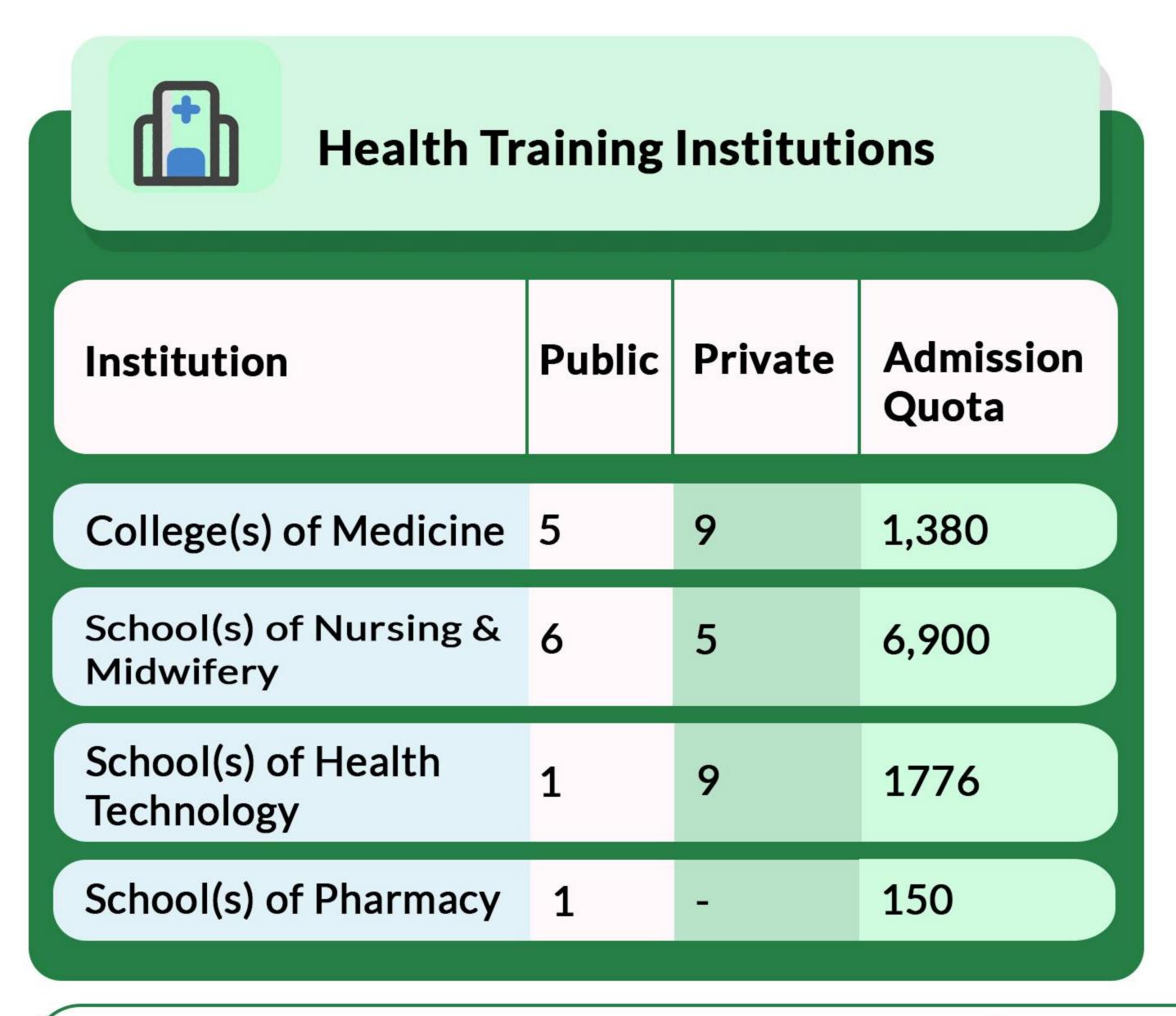
- 1. Focus on enhancing the quality of existing facilities rather than building new ones.
- 2. Aim at ensuring at least one **FUNCTIONAL** primary health care centre per ward in line with the national PHC revitalization strategy.

### Human Resource for Health





The number of skilled birth attendants is far below the recommended minimum standard required to be on path to 'ending preventable deaths by 2030'.



Human Resource for Health			
Occupation	Number	<b>Density</b> (Per 10,000 Population)	Target (WHO)
Doctors	376	<1	10
Nurses/Midwives	1,347	2.1	30
Community Health Workers	1,025	2	10
Pharmacists	110	<1	2.5



### **Call to Action**

The State government should PRIORITIZE investments in Human Resource for Health (HRH) by:

- 1. Developing a realistic comprehensive HRH plan (including an implementation plan) that includes a minimum HR requirement for the different types of health facilities, taking into account the fiscal space of the state.
- 2. Recruiting based on the implementation plan (including incentives to retain).

# Health Financing





Ogun state is not investing adequately in health as evidenced by the low annual budgetary allocation, poor budgetary release and a per capita expenditure on health of N2,063.1.

Allocation - FY 2022



Total State Budget ₩350.7 bn



Allocation to Health (%)

₩34.3 bn (10%)



Percentage Health Allocation to PHC

₩9.1 bn (27%)

### Performance - FY 2022

**State Budget Performance** 



₩244.2 bn

70%

**Health Budget Performance** 

**₩**12.9 bn

38%

Health Expenditure Per Capita



₩2,063.1



### **Call to Action**

The State Government should increase its allocation to health and gradually work towards \$29\*(N12,000 approx.) per capita and invest more in health insurance.

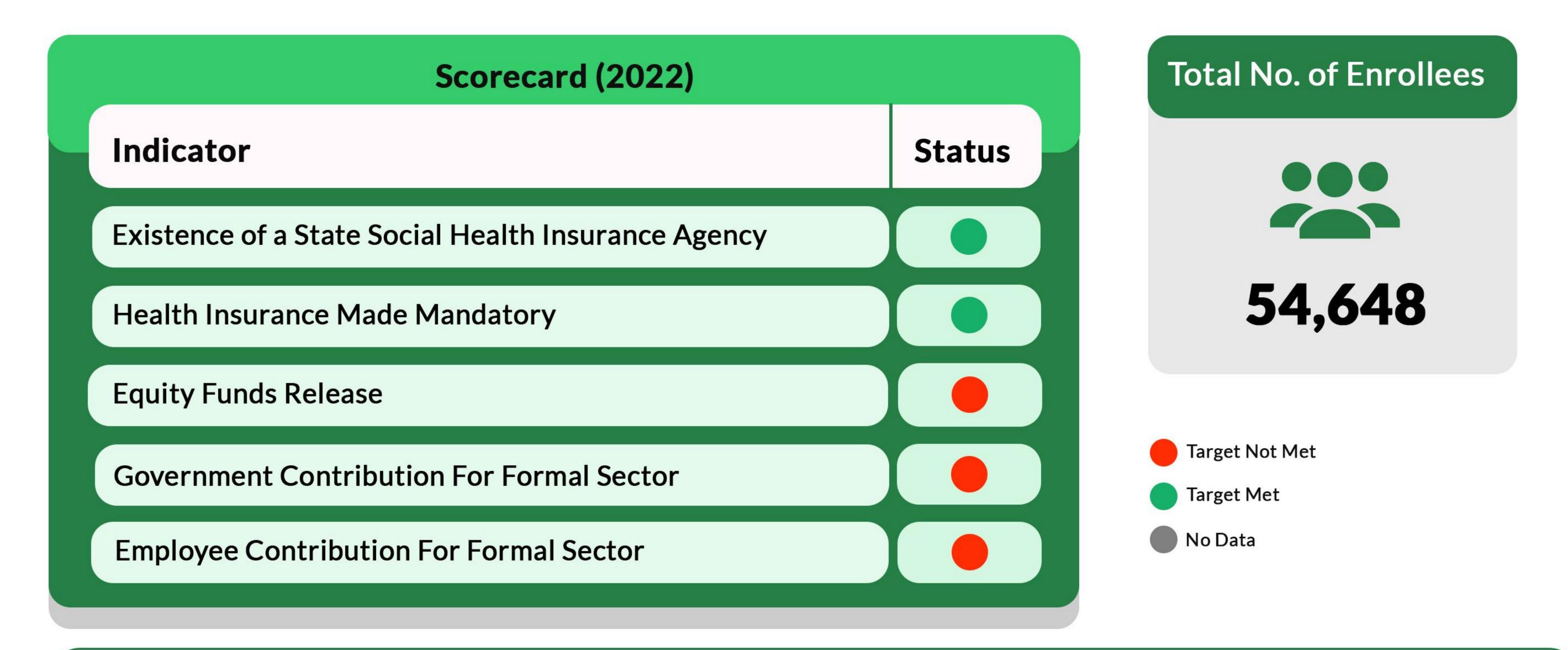
Reference: (prorated state contribution from \$86 per capita – WHO recommended) World Health Organization. (2018). World Health Statistics 2018: Monitoring Health for the SDGs.

# Health Insurance





The state has a functional state social health insurance scheme which makes health insurance mandatory. However, the non-release of equity fund and Government/employee contribution for the formal sector would negatively impact on the scheme.





### **Call to Action**

The State Government to ensure regular and timely release of equity fund, and fast track government and employee contribution into the scheme.

# PHCUOR Scorecard







Ogun state has a primary healthcare board but has not performed well in its implementation of the Primary Health Care Under One Roof policy – a governance reform to improve PHC implementation and integration.

Scorecard		
Indicator	Status	
Existence of a State Primary Health Care Board		
Existence of Approved Minimum Service Package That Is Linked To SSHDP		
Existence of Costed Service Delivery/Investment Plan		Target Not Met
Provision Made For Investment Plan In The Annual Budget of The Last Year		Target Met  No Data
PHC Programmes And Staff Moved To SPHCB From SMoH and SMoLGA		

### The State Government should:



### **Call to Action**

- 1. Ensure its PHC programmes and staff are moved to SPHCB from SMoH and SMoLGA.
- 2. Develops and implement a costed service delivery plan.
- 3. Ensure one **FUNCTIONAL** PHC per ward as per minimum service package for healthcare delivery outlined in the National Primary Health Care Development Agency (NPHCDA) guidelines for the revitalization of PHCs. (NPHCDA) guidelines for the revitalization of PHCs.

### **Nutrition Scorecard**





The state has a functional State Committee on Food and Nutrition. However, the state does not have a nutrition department in relevant MDAs.

Scorecard		
Indicator	Status	
Existence of State Committee on Food and Nutrition		
Presence of Nutrition Departments In Relevant MDAs		
Budget Line For Nutrition In Key MDAs		
Release of Fund For Nutrition (2022)		Target Not Met
Availability of Multi-Sectoral Plan of Action For Nutrition		Target Met  No Data/Missing Validation
Availability of Government-Owned Creche		
Approved Six Months Paid Maternity Leave.		
Government Spending Greater than/Equal to Partner Spending		



### **Call to Action**

The state government should:

- 1. Set up nutrition departments in relevant MDAs (- at minimum in the following MDAs: Health, Agriculture, Budget and Planning, Women Affairs, State Primary Health Care Board).
- 2. Ensure timely release of funds to implement programmes in the MSPAN.
- 3. Approve 6 months paid maternity leave.

# Drug Management Agency (DMA) Scorecard





No Data.

Scorecard		
Indicator	Status	
State Has Established An Autonomous DMA Backed By Law		
DMA Is Capitalized		
At Least 60% Of The Focal Ward PHCs Is Capitalized		Target Not Met  Target Met
DMA Has Pharmagrade Warehouse With Adequate Capacity		No Data
State Has A Single Supply Chain System		
State Manages Last Mile Delivery		
State Manages Last Mile Delivery		



**Call to Action** 

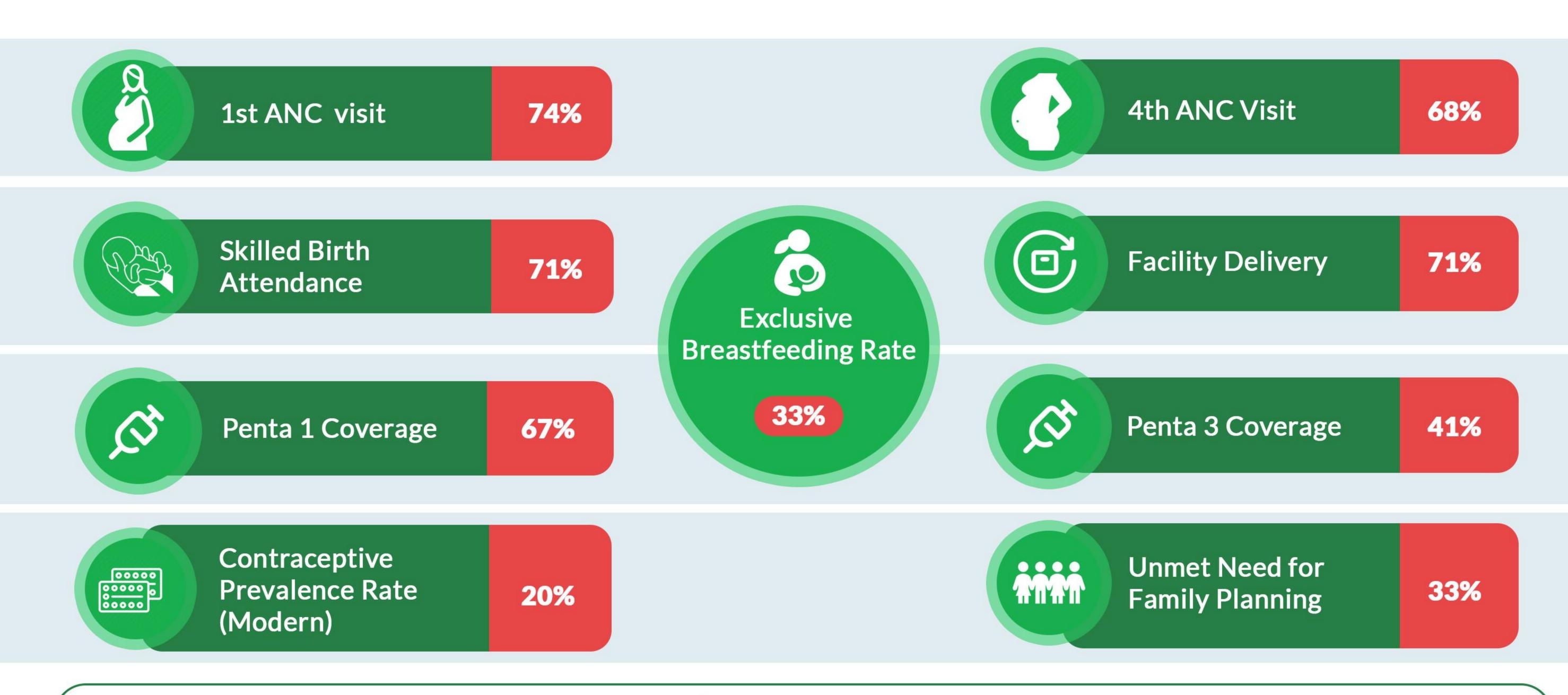
NA

## Access and Service Utilization...





There is fair access to and utilization of antenatal and delivery services, however low access to immunization and family planning services.





### **Call to Action**

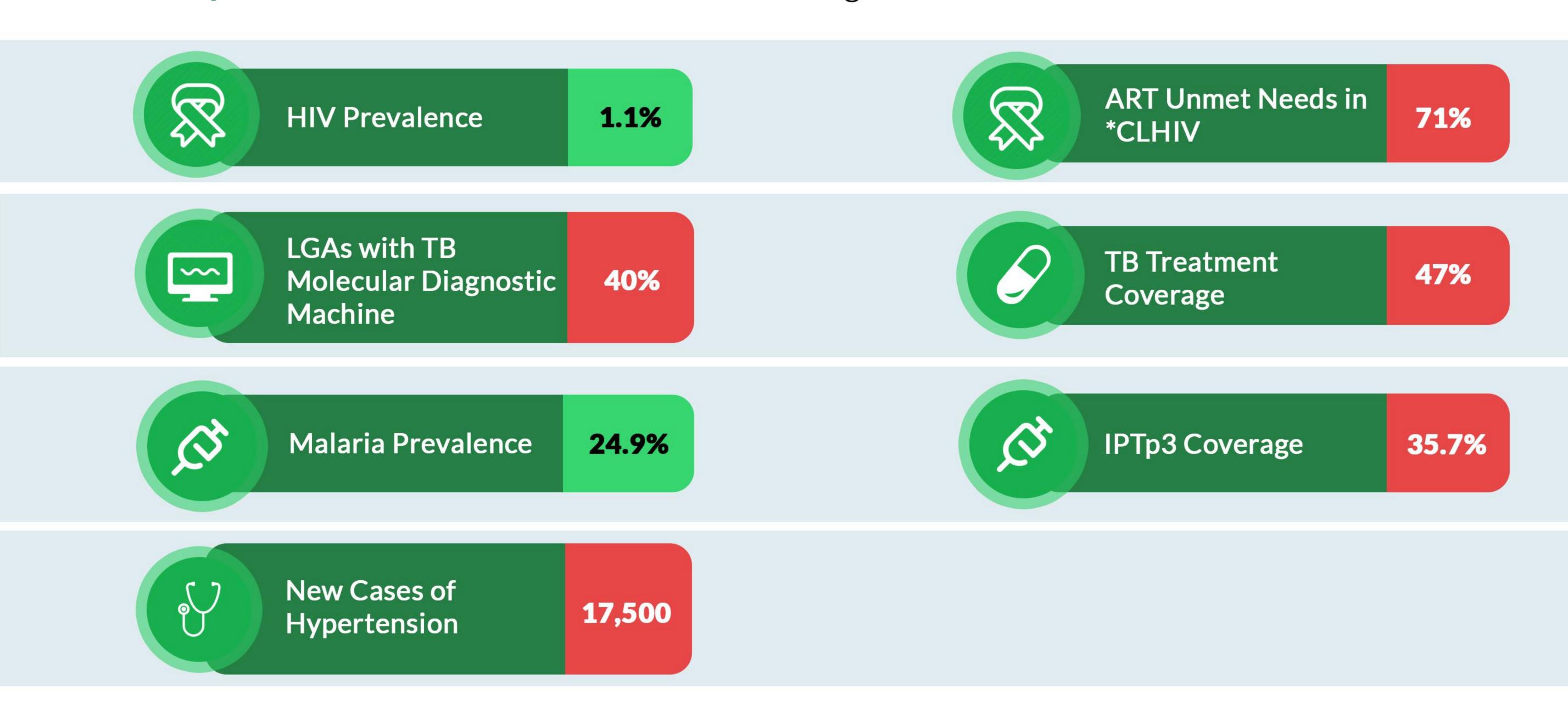
The State Government should Identify and address barriers to access and utilization of antenatal, delivery, immunization and family planning services.

### Access and Service Utilization





The state has high unmet needs in terms of treatment for Children living with HIV and only provides 3 doses of malaria prophylaxis for a third of its pregnant women. There is a low network of TB molecular diagnostic machines.





### **Call to Action**

The State Government should ensure at least one functional molecular diagnostic machine per LGA, scale up ART treatment for CLHIV and expand coverage of IPTp3.

CLHIV – Children Living with HIV, ART – Antiretroviral Therapy, IPTp3 - Intermittent Preventive Treatment of Malaria for Pregnant Women (3rd dose +) Reference: HIV health Sector Report 2021, NTBLCP, NMEP, DHIS2.

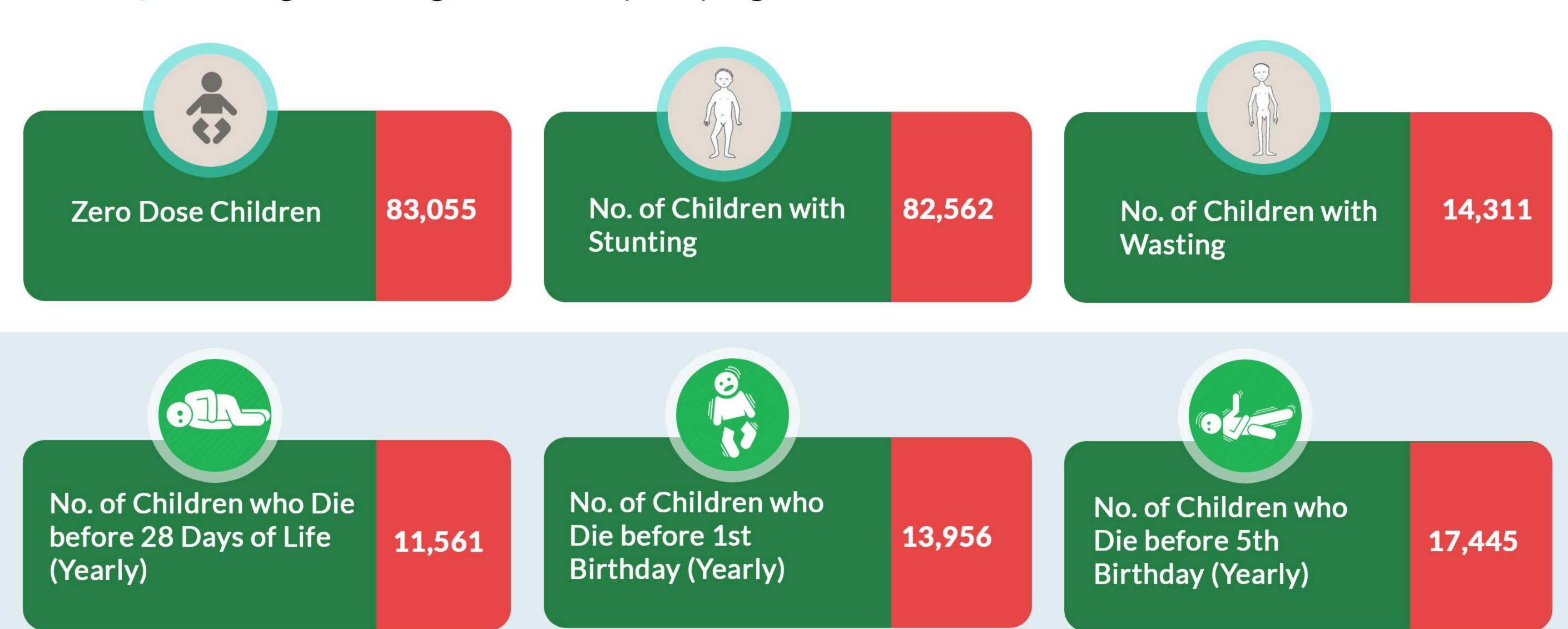
Data Source: State Ministry of Health

### Health Outcomes





There a significant number of zero-dose children, high numbers of children with stunting & wasting, and unacceptably high childhood mortalities in the state.





### **Call to Action**

The State Government urgently needs to prioritize investments in maternal and child healthcare services, including nutrition interventions, and immunizations to improve the health outcomes of children in the state. It is also important for the state to work with key partners to identify and target communities with unvaccinated children.

i. Stunting: Children Shorter in Height-for-Age

ii. Wasting: Children with Low Weight-for-Height

iii. Zero-dose: Children who failed to receive any routine vaccination - never reached by routine immunization services

# Flagship Projects





This page details the key flagship projects ongoing in Ogun State that the Government needs to sustain.

S/N	Title	Description
1.	Hub and Spoke Project	Implementation of Hub and Spoke project to assist healthcare establishments in their quests to serve patients well. It affords the State unique opportunities to strengthen referral linkages across the three tiers of healthcare and thereby maximize efficiency and effective of healthcare delivery system.
	Electronic Medical Record (EMR)	Introduction of Electronic Medical Record (EMR) to assist with longitudinal collection of electronic health information about a patient's health history, such as diagnoses, medicines, tests, allergies, immunizations, and treatment plans. EMR help to provide better quality of care for patients by enabling quick access to patient records, resulting in more efficient care. It plays a critical role in how healthcare practitioners store medical records, provide treatment, and manage finances.
	Capacity Building for Health Workforce	Training of Ultrasound Scan (USS) Technicians (a cadre of health worker) to provide mobile USS services at PHC level to ensure equitable distribution of USS services to rural areas and improve early detection of leading causes of maternal and newborn complications.

# Flagship Projects





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S/N	Title	Description
4.	Logistic Management Project	Introduction of drone to fill the existing gaps within the State health and emergency supply chains, especially in serving the most disadvantaged, remote, sparsely populated or otherwise underserved rural communities, areas, and facilities. The main use of these drones is to enhance supply chain capabilities by offering delivery services for products (essential medical commodities and diagnostic samples) to, and from, hard-to-access (seasonally or year-round) rural health facilities.
5.	Maternal Mortality Reduction Project	Universal administration of low-dose aspirin to pregnant women to address the leading causes of maternal and foetal complications such as pre-eclampsia, preterm delivery Intrauterine foetal death, hypertension in pregnancy, diabetes in pregnancy and multiple gestations. The daily low-dose aspirin use in pregnancy is considered safe and is associated with a low likelihood of serious maternal, or foetal complications, or both, related to use.

# Partner Mapping



S/N	Implementing Partner	Intervention	Geographical Coverage
1	Association for Repoductive and Family	TB	State Wide
2	CARITAS CATHOLIC FOUNDATION OF NIGERIA	TB	State Wide
3	CHEMONICS	Malaria	State Wide
4	GERMAN LEPROSY AND TB RELIEF ASSOCIATION	Leprosy & TB	State Wide
5	KNCV	TB	State Wide
6	Management Science for Health	Malaria	State Wide

# Partner Mapping



S/N	Implementing Partner	Intervention	Geographical Coverage
7	Marie Stopes International	Family Planning	State Wide
8	Society for Family Health	Family Planning, Malaria	State Wide
9	Society for HIV/ Health	HIV/ AIDS	State Wide
10	Society for TB Health HIV, TB Immunization, HIV, Health	Immunization, HIV, TB Health Financing	State Wide
11	UNFPA	Maternal & Child Health	State Wide
12	UNICEF	Maternal & Child Health	State Wide
13	WHO	Maternal & Child Health	State Wide

# Summary of Key Actions



### **Health Facility Distribution**

The state government should:

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#### **Human Resource for Health**

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### **Health Financing**

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### **Health Insurance**

The State Government to ensure regular and timely release of equity fund, and fast track government and employee contribution into the scheme.

### **Primary Health Care Under One Roof**

The State Government should:

- 1. Ensure PHC programs and staff should be moved from SMoH and SMoLGA to SPHCB.
- 2. Develops and implement a costed service delivery plan
- 3. Ensure one functional PHC per ward as per minimum service package for healthcare delivery outlined in the National Primary Health Care Development Agency (NPHCDA) guidelines for the revitalization of PHCs.

# Summary of Key Actions



### Nutrition

The state government should:

- 1. Set up nutrition departments in relevant MDAs (- at minimum in the following MDAs: Health, Agriculture, Budget and Planning, Women Affairs, State Primary Health Care Board).
- 2. Ensure timely release of budgeted funds for the implementation of MSPAN.
- 3. Approve 6 months paid maternity leave.

### **Drug Management Agency**

NA.

#### **Access and Service Utilization**

The State Government should identify and address barriers to access and utilization of Antenatal, Delivery, Immunization and Family Planning services.

Also, the State Government should ensure at least one functional molecular diagnostic machine per LGA, scale up ART treatment for CLHIV and expand coverage of IPTp3.

### **Health Outcomes**

The State Government urgently needs to prioritize investments in maternal and child healthcare services, including nutrition interventions, and immunizations to improve the health outcomes of children in the state. It is also important for the state to work with key partners to identify and target communities with unvaccinated children.



### **About the NGF Secretariat**

### The Nigeria Governors' Forum

The Nigeria Governors' Forum (NGF) was founded in 1999. It is a platform for the elected Governors of the 36 states of Nigeria that promotes collaboration amongst the Governors, irrespective of their party affiliation, to share experience, promote co-operation, and good governance at the subnational level.

#### The NGF Secretariat

The NGF is supported by a secretariat which is the technical and administrative arm of the Nigeria Governors' Forum. It is a policy hub and resource centre that sets agendas & priorities to enable the forum to meet its set objectives. The Secretariat serves as an interface between federal MDAs, development partners, and states. The Secretariat has several units including Health, IGR, Economics, Legal, Education, Agriculture, Peace, and Inclusive Security.

#### **The Health Team**

The health unit of the NGF Secretariat is responsible for coordinating all health-related interventions being championed by the secretariat. It is committed to catalysing a stronger health system and better health outcomes at the subnational level in line with national goals and strategies.

### **Our Vision**

Is to be the leading go-to resource and learning hub for catalysing subnational health development and contributing to health SDGs.

### **Our Mission**

Is to keep the NGF informed and up-to-date on health priorities and promote evidence-based decision-making & actions, accountability, and learning for better health outcomes at the subnational level.

### **What We Do**

We leverage our convening powers to support States to achieve their health goals through Evidence Generation, High-Level Advocacy, Resource Mobilization, Accountability and Partnerships, and Capacity Building. We also engage with key federal MDAs, such as the FMOH, NHIA, NPHCDA, FMFBNP, and Office of the Vice President.

### **Our Team**

The health team is a multidisciplinary team that includes high-profile professionals that have excelled in different fields of endeavour including Advocacy, Health Policy Analysis, Health Systems Strengthening, Public Health, Health Financing, Health Information System, Immunization, Supply Chain, Monitoring, Evaluation, and Learning.

### **Our Health Partners**

BMGF, ADF, GAVI, UNICEF, R4D, NHED.

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