

The Dashboard



A GUIDE FOR THE IGR DASHBOARD



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ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

ANAN Association of National Accountants of Nigeria

BOJA Best of Judgement Assessment

CITN Chartered Institute of Taxation of Nigeria

FIRS Federal Inland Revenue Service

HNWI High Net Worth Individuals

ICAN Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nigeria

ICT Information and Communication Technology

IGR Internally Generated Revenue

IRS Internal Revenue Service

JSRC Joint State Revenue Committee

JTB Joint Tax Board

LGAs Local Government Authorities

MDAs Ministries, Departments and Agencies

MoU Memorandum of Understanding

NGF Nigeria Governors' Forum

PAYE Pay As You Earn

PIT Personal Income Tax

SBIR State Board of Internal Revenue

SERVICOM Service Compact

SIRS State Internal Revenue Service

TAT Tax Appeal Tribunal

TCC Tax Clearance Certificate

TIN Tax Identification Number

VAIDS Voluntary Asset and Income Declaration Scheme

WHT Withholding Tax

FOREWORD

The Nigeria Governors' Forum (NGF) has continued to play an active role in strengthening institutional and governance systems at the sub-national level. This support has been through the provision of evidence to influence policy formulation and implementation; the development of knowledge resources to strengthen the implementation of reforms; and the delivery of platforms for peer learning in areas such as economic development, public financial management, health, human resource management and citizens engagement amongst others.

To strengthen the reform environment and fast track full domestication of commendable practices across the 36 States, the NGF Secretariat also develops guides for implementing various reforms based on extensive experience in peer reviewing the 36 States over the last 10 years. This has significantly improved the way State governments run and the overall governance climate in the country.

We encourage States to adopt the approaches documented in this guide given, that they have worked in many States. The guide is also used by the NGF Secretariat to build the capacity of State governments in strengthening domestic revenue mobilisation. It has served as a functional tool at different administrative levels, in the design, implementation and monitoring of sub-national tax reforms.

We express our profound gratitude to our development partners for the support provided in the production of this guide.

Asishana Bayo Okauru Esq.

Director General Nigeria Governors' Forum

PREFACE AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

In recent times, Nigeria has experienced significant macroeconomic and fiscal imbalances. Following the sustained decline in oil revenues since mid-2014, economic growth gradually slowed and came to a near standstill in 2016. Four years after the oil bust, fiscal deficits have remained wide and the economy's prospects have continued to diverge from those with more diverse revenue sources.

The country's tax system has remained lopsided as a result of an overdependence on oil revenue which accounts for over 70 percent of government revenues; but there is a strong opportunity to implement much needed tax reforms. Recurring boom and bust experiences provide compelling evidence for the need to prioritise domestic revenue mobilisation as the key mechanism for achieving fiscal recovery, stability and economic development. The country faces revenue shortages to meet expenditure priorities and would require improvements in revenue administration, taxpayer database, remittance systems through the adoption of modern technologies, review of existing tax incentives, and better enforcement and compliance across all tax types.

The bouts of domestic revenue growth recorded by State governments in recent times shows that governments are yet to close the wide revenue effort - revenue capacity gap. The ubiquitously low tax capacity of tax authorities highlights the expansive room to drastically improve the efficiency of tax collection, even as the importance of tax knowledge, tax complexity and tax compliance have largely been ignored.

The IGR Dashboard is designed to facilitate an organized approach for domestic resource mobilization, by increasing the use of evidence in strengthening tax reforms, prioritizing tax revenue issues, developing the capacities of tax authorities to be more effective and efficient, and mobilizing technical assistance for State governments.

The IGR Dashboard guide was developed with the support of Mark Abani, Olanrewaju Ajogbasile and Zubaida Abiola.

David Nabena

3rd September 2018

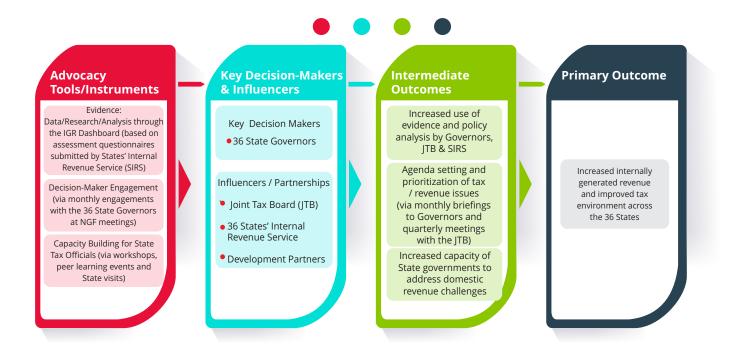
WELCOME TO THE IGR DASHBOARD

The IGR Dashboard was launched by the Nigeria Governors' Forum on February 15, 2017, as one of its flagship programmes to help State governments raise domestic revenue mobilisation.

The platform is designed to assess the tax/revenue environment of States, track the impact of tax reforms, and facilitate the sharing of commendable practices through peer learning and technical assistance.

The programme is intended to facilitate an organized approach for resource mobilisation and the fiscal sustainability of States.

THE DASHBOARD THEORY OF INFLUENCE

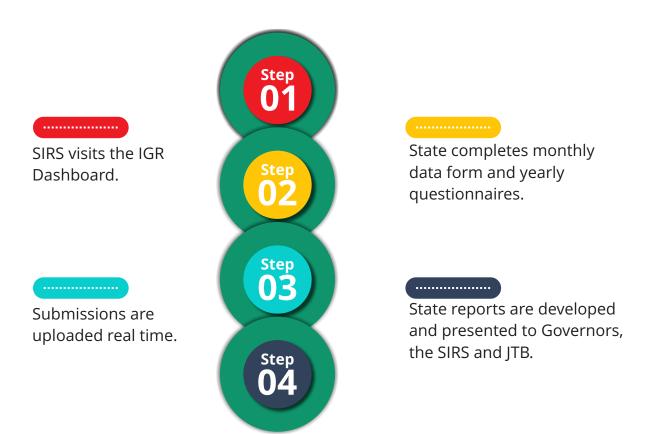


HOW IT WORKS

The Dashboard provides real time access to all 36 States' Internal Revenue Service (SIRS) to regularly maintain and track data on tax administration, tax processing, tax procedures, tax enforcement as well as monthly internally generated revenues.

The NGF Secretariat is coordinating the operation of the programme and supports the implementation and monitoring of commendable practices of the Dashboard, including those agreed at Joint Tax Board (JTB) meetings.

The platform also provides evidence to drive strong political commitment from State Governors in the implementation of needed reforms.



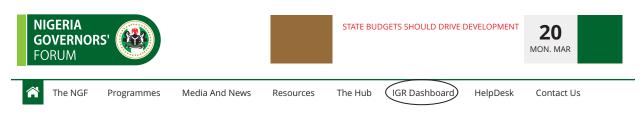
OBJECTIVES OF THE GUIDE:

This guide will provide users of the Dashboard with a clear understanding of the following:

- 1. How to access the Dashboard
- 2. How to securely log onto the platform
- 3. How to access and use the various interactive tools embedded in the Dashboard
- 4. How to complete questionnaires and data forms.

ACCESSING THE SITE:

- i. Launch your web browser on your computer or mobile device
- ii. Visit the NGF website via http://www.nggovernorsforum.org
- iii. Click on the IGR Dashboard tab on the NGF home page

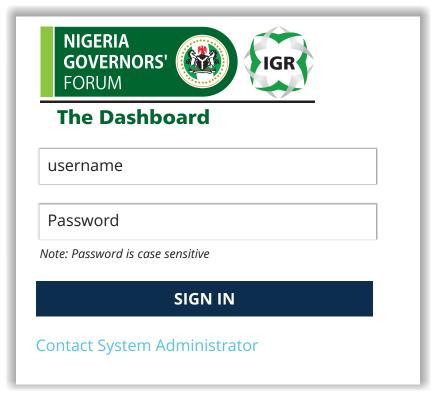


OR

i. Log on directly to the Dashboard via the url http://www.nggovernorsforum.org/igrdashboard/

USER LOGIN

- You will be redirected to the login page below:
- The Dashboard can only be accessed with the use of a username and password



- Fill in your default login credentials to access the Dashboard
- After signing in, you will be directed to the homepage as shown below:



Welcome: David Nabena :: Sign Out | My Admin | My Report

Home Group Explorer State Explorer States' IGR Federation Allocation Total Recurrent Revenue TRR Analytics Resources

Welcome to the Nigeria Governors Forum IGR Dashboard

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GENERAL CONTENT

The home page gives the user access to the general tools of the Dashboard, including performance reports, analytics and downloadable resources

1. Group Explorer

This tool provides a national or regional view of States' performances across the four areas of assessment (tax administration, tax procedures, tax processing and tax enforcement).

Home Group Explorer State Explorer Federation Allocation Total Recurrent Revenue TRR Analytics Resources

Select category, region and year; click **display** to view results.



2. State Explorer

The State Explorer provides a drill-down of the four assessment categories for each State in a given year.

Home Group Explorer (State Explorer) States' IGR Federation Allocation Total Recurrent Revenue TRR Analytics Resources

Select *State*, and *year*; click *display* to view results.

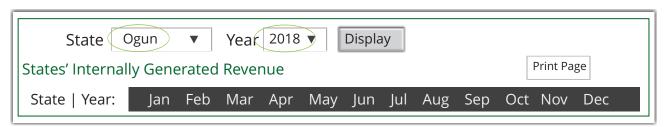


3. States' IGR

This tool presents States' IGR performances on a month-on-month basis.

Home Group Explorer State Explorer (States' IGR) Federation Allocation Total Recurrent Revenue TRR Analytics Resources

Select *State* and *year*; click *display* to view results.



4. **Federation Account**

This tool presents States' federation revenue performances on a month-on-month basis.

Home Group Explorer State Explorer States' IGR (Federation Allocation) Total Recurrent Revenue TRR Analytics Resources Select *region*, *year* and click *display* to view results.



5. **Total Recurrent Revenue**

This tool provides an analysis of the State's total recurrent revenue (TRR), which is the sum of its IGR and federation allocation.

Home Group Explorer State Explorer States' IGR Federation Allocation Total Recurrent Revenue TRR Analytics Resources Select *year* and *month*; click *display* to view results.



Total Recurrent Revenue Analytics

This section provides an analysis of States' IGR performances vis-à-vis federation transfers.

Click on the **TRR Analytics** tab to access content

Home Group Explorer State Explorer States' IGR Federation Allocation Total Recurrent Revenue (TRR Analytics) Resources Select year and click display to view results.



7. Resources

This section gives the user access to downloadable resources that will support the implementation of tax/revenue reforms, including tools, guides and policy reports. You will be redirected to the NGF site which hosts these resources.

Click on the **Resources** tab to access content

Home Group Explorer State Explorer States' IGR Federation Allocation Total Recurrent Revenue TRR Analytics (Resources)



ADMIN CONTENT

This content gives the user access to the Dashboard's content management section, where data can be entered via web forms.

• Click on *My Admin* to access web forms.



You will be directed to the interface shown below

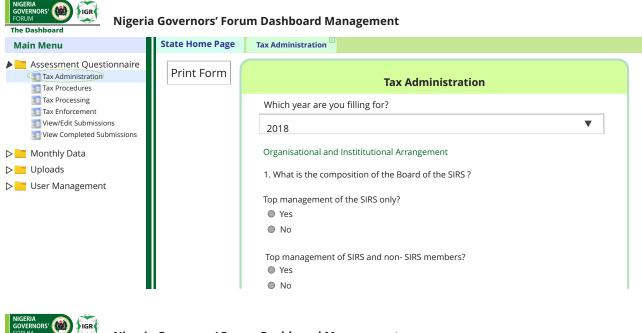


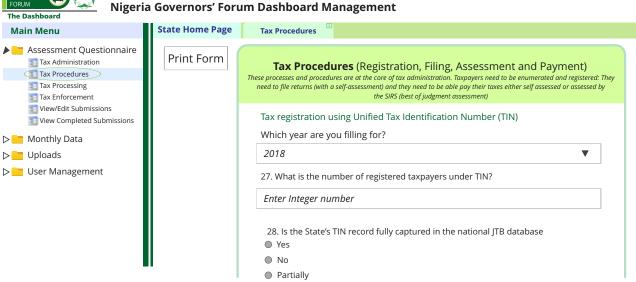
A. Assessment Questionnaire:

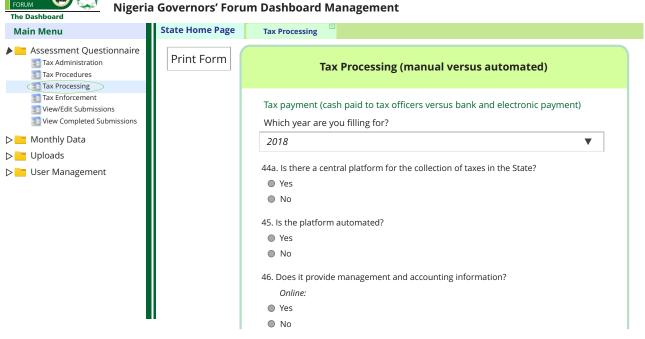
• Click on **Assessment Questionnaire** to assess web forms under the following categories **tax administration**, **tax procedures**, **tax processing and tax enforcement**



- The forms may be completed at this point. See guide to completing the questionnaires in the next section.
- These forms may be downloaded and completed by the heads of the related departments.

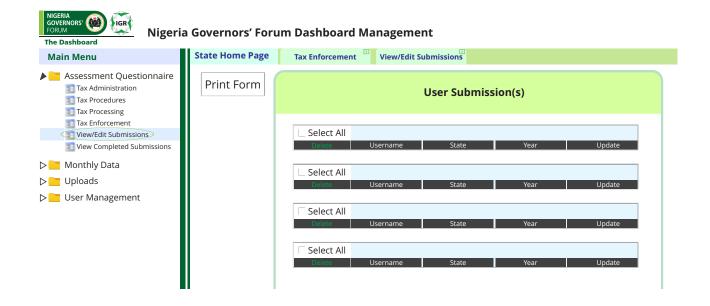








• The forms may be saved midway and updated at a later date using the **view/submission** link as shown below. However, once forms are completed and "marked as finalized", the user will no longer be able to make any changes to the forms.



B. Monthly Data:

- This feature provides access to update monthly IGR data under the major categories of revenue collection.
- To access this feature, click on the folder *Monthly data*, and *Update Monthly Data* to fill and submit values for revenues collected in each month.

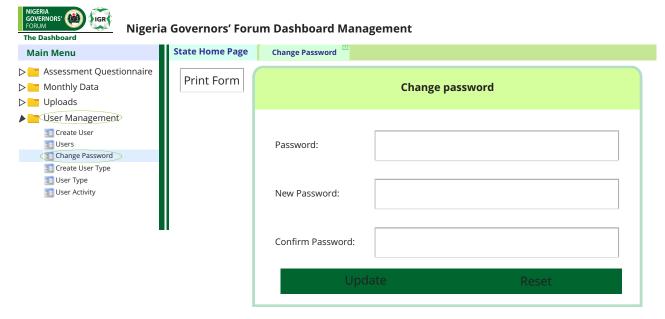


C. Changing your password

You may change your password anytime via the **My Admin** section



• Click on **User Management**, **Change Password**. Fill in your *default password* and your *new password* and click **Update**.



Always remember to sign out after use.

ACCESSING THE QUESTIONNAIRE

For the Dashboard to be of value to the State Internal Revenue Service (SIRS), it should be completed honestly. This will ensure accurate benchmarking, and the identification of priority areas that require support from the NGF.

TAX ADMINISTRATION

Organisational and Institutional Arrangements

Tax guidance for the publicNon-tax staff guidance

Others

1.	What is the composition of the Board of the	e SIRS?
	Top management of the SIRS only Yes No Top management of SIRS and non-SIRS members? Yes No	The Board may only consist of the management team of the SIRS (i.e. directors and heads of departments) or may include external non-executive members in addition to the management team. i. Click "Yes" if the Board is comprised of only the management team of the SIRS or "No" if the Board also includes non-executive members ii. Click "Yes" if the Board includes non-executive members or "No" if the Board's membership is only comprised of the management team of the SIRS NB: If the SIRS has no Board, Click "No" for both options
2.	The Board of the SIRS meets:	
	WeeklyMonthlyQuarterlyAd hocNever	If the SIRS has no Board, click "Never"
3a.	The Board/SIRS issues policy and regulatory	y guidance: ①
	RegularlyAd hocNever	The term policy and regulatory guidance includes (i) external announcements for taxpayers such as newspaper publications – online notices of filing, assessment and payment dates; and (ii) internal statements
3b.	What is the nature of the policy/regulatory guidance? (tick as apply):	such as human resource notices, guidance or instructions, changes in process maps, and tax guidance instructions (which may also be external).
	Tax policy changesTax guidance for staff	,

4.	The Board/SIRS reports to the Governor	:
	WeeklyMonthlyQuarterlyAnnuallyNever	The reporting arrangement may depend on the structure of the SIRS. These meetings may be held by the Executive Chairman as a representative of the Board.
5.	The Board/SIRS reports to the State Con	nmissioner of Finance:
	WeeklyMonthlyQuarterlyAnnuallyNever	The reporting arrangement may depend on the structure of the SIRS. These meetings may be held by the Executive Chairman as a representative of the Board.
6.	The Board/SIRS reports to the State Hou	use of Assembly:
	WeeklyMonthlyQuarterlyAnnuallyAd hoc	The reporting arrangement may depend on the structure of the SIRS. These meetings may be held by the Executive Chairman as a representative of the Board.
	O Never	
7.	The Executive Chairman of the SIRS has a rand/or experience: • Yes • No	A relevant professional qualification ① A relevant professional qualification would be in line with Section 87 (2) (a) PITA 2004 as Amended 2011 and/or at the guidance of the Chartered Institute of Taxation of Nigeria (CITN). "The Chairman of the State Internal Revenue Service (SIRS) as Chairman of the State Board who shall be a person experienced in taxation
		and a member of a relevant recognized professional body"
Avai	lability and Sufficiency of SIRS Budget	(1)
8.	The SIRS is:AutonomousSemi-autonomousA department or agency	The institutional arrangement of the SIRS can be classified into three groups. i. Fully autonomous, where the government has implemented a law that gives the SIRS both administrative and financial autonomy ii. Semi-autonomous, where there is a partial implementation of a law iii. A department or agency that operates with the absence of a law that grants the SIRS autonomy

		(1)
9a.	The SIRS is funded:	
	 With a percentage of collection By appropriation in the State budget With a fixed sum from collection With a combination of income from 	The source of funding for personnel, overheads and capital expenditure depends on the institutional arrangement of the SIRS. This will determine the authority's funding source as well as the use and access to resources.
	collection while salaries are covered by the civil service	The budget of the SIRS may be funded from its collection (as a percentage or fixed sum), the State's budget, or a combination of both.
9b.	The funding covers operating costs:	1
	YesPartiallyNo	Operating costs include salaries, transport, IT training costs, administrative costs and other recurrent expenditures.
10.	How are capital costs covered?	
	 Regular funding from budget/cost of collection Special funding by State government Development partners 	Capital costs are fixed, one-time expenditures incurred by the SIRS on the purchase of land, buildings, computer equipment, machinery, office equipment, vehicles and software.
	○ None	
Salaı	ry Incentives, SIRS Staff Skills and Training L	evels
11a.	What is the total number of SIRS employee	es?
	1000+600 - 1000400 - 600	Total employees include all full-time, part-time and contract staff of the SIRS.
	200 - 400100 - 200	
11b	How many staff are in core tax roles?	Core tax roles include taxpayer registration, filing, payment, audit, verification, collection, enforcement, etc.
11c	How many are in support (i.e. non-tax) roles?	Non-tax roles are general administrators, drivers, managers, etc.
111		
11d	Number of staff with professional tax qualification (certified by FIRS, JTB, CITN etc	c.):
	 1 to 10 11 to 25 26 to 50 51 to 100 100+ 	These are staff of the SIRS that have obtained a relevant certification from bodies such as FIRS, JTB, CITN. This may include ANAN, ICAN, and related accountancy qualifications.

12.	Has the SIRS undertaken any capacity building programme facilitated by experts?	
	In the last 6monthsIn the last yearMore than 1 year agoNever	Training programmes in this category are those facilitated by internal or external tax experts. This excludes routine in-house training sessions.
13.	When was the last JTB Inspector of Tax staff of the SIRS? • Last year • Last 2 years • Last 5 years	The Joint Tax Board runs its Inspector of Taxes training for staff of revenue authorities across the country with the aim of building capacity, ensuring uniformity in standards and to equip tax administrators to discharge their duties with the level of professionalism required.
14a.	Is there a training programme for all s	taff or only technical staff? ①
	All staffTechnical staff onlyAd-hoc	Where a training programme is available, it should be in writing and should include a schedule of training activities as well as the staff or departments involved.
14b.	What is the minimum number of trainin 0,1, 2, 3 or 4.	ngs per staff to be attended annually:
		This question is applicable where the SIRS has a training programme.
15. Does the SIRS have a separate salary/incentive structure from the civ		ntive structure from the civil service? ①
	• Yes • No	Tax authorities that are not fully autonomous typically have some of their operations (such as the payment of staff salaries) within the purview of the civil service.
16a.	Does the SIRS conduct performance a	ppraisals? (!)
16b.	YesNoIf Yes, how often?MonthlyQuarterly	Performance appraisals are periodic reviews that assess the job performance and productivity of SIRS staff in relation to pre-established criteria and the objectives of the organisation.
	Annually	

17.	Does the SIRS have any performance pay scheme(s)?		(!)
	• Yes • No	The performance pay scheme of performance incentive should not be with normal pay rises. It is an incestigeted for an individual or team bass well they perform on pre-established to scheme may apply to individuals, departments.	e confused entive pay ed on how argets. This
18a.	Does the SIRS have any contracted staff on	a special salary scale?	(!)
18b.	• Yes • No If yes, how many?	Staff under the special salary scale under conventional remuneration parare not paid based on civil service is staff may include political advisers who rassigned to the SIRS.	ckages and rules. Such
19.	How many of the SIRS staff are political app	ointees?	(!)
		Political appointees are appointe Governor, the Deputy Governor, or Chairman. They are usually not perm of the SIRS.	Executive
20a.	Does the SIRS have ad hoc or temporary sta	nff?	
200.	• Yes		
20b.	No If Yes, how many?	The SIRS may employ temporary staff term activities such as taxpayer en and tax enlightenment program category of staff also include NYSC metax liaison community officers poster parties.	mes. This mbers and
20c.	What task(s) do they carry out? (briefly expla	ain)	
_		-	
SIRS 21.	Outreach in Districts (Number of Tax Offices, How many field offices does the SIRS have?		
۷۱,	How many field offices does the SIRS have?	Field officer include all area or	(!)
		Field offices include all area or zonal report to the head office.	ojjices tnat

22. Does the SIRS have a field office in each locYesNo	al government area?
23a. How many field offices have the following Note: The sum of i, ii, and iii should be equal State, as stated in question 21.	
23a(i). Full ICT capability	
	Offices with full ICT capability provide ALL staff with access to a working computer and internet connection.
23a(ii). Partial ICT capability	
	Offices with partial ICT capability provide SOME staff with access to a working computer, They may or may not have access internet connection.
23a(iii). No ICT capability	①
	Offices with no ICT capability do not have access to working computers and internet connection.
23b. How many field offices have technically tra	nined staff? ①
	Offices with technically trained staff have employees that have obtained a certification such as the JTB Inspector of Taxes training certificate or one from a recognised body such as CITN, ANAN and ICAN.
23c. How many field offices have internet con	nection? ①
	Offices with internet connection must have a dedicated and functional access to an internet service for the day-to-day exchange of information.

24a.	What is the frequency for field offices to submit reports: (tick as apply)	
	WeeklyMonthlyQuarterlyAd hoc	Field reports return administrative, human relations and / or financial data such as staff attendance, tax related activities and reports of taxes collected from field offices.
	■ Never	
24b	How are the reports submitted:	
	ElectronicallyPaperBoth	
24c.	Has any process been altered due to repor	rts submitted in the last year? ①
	YesNo	Processes that have been updated must be directly attributed to a report from a field office. Such process updates may be a change in the timing of enforcement actions, the frequency of reporting or format for field reports.
25.	Is there a standardised format for most re	ports
	YesNo	A standardised format of reporting ensures data integrity and helps maximise data comparability over time across all offices of the SIRS.
		integrity and helps maximise data comparability
26a.		integrity and helps maximise data comparability over time across all offices of the SIRS.
26a.	• No	integrity and helps maximise data comparability over time across all offices of the SIRS. date website? I A functional website is one that is regularly updated and easy to use. It should also provide
26a. 26b.	NoDoes the SIRS own a functional and up-to-Yes	integrity and helps maximise data comparability over time across all offices of the SIRS. date website? A functional website is one that is regularly
	 No Does the SIRS own a functional and up-to- Yes No If yes, which of these are domiciled on 	integrity and helps maximise data comparability over time across all offices of the SIRS. date website? I A functional website is one that is regularly updated and easy to use. It should also provide basic taxpayer information and links to payment

TAX PROCEDURES

Tax Registration using Unified Tax Identification Number (TIN)

27.	What is the number of registered taxpayers u	ınder TIN? ①
		This section relates to the number of registered taxpayers in the State, the share of the State's TIN in the national database and the use of the database. Regardless of whether the JTB TIN or a local TIN is used, please insert the total number of taxpayers in the State's record.
28.	Is the State's TIN record fully captured in the	national ITB database?
	• Yes	(<u>)</u>
	NoPartially	The JTB TIN database captures and ensures uniformity in the identification and registration of taxpayers in the country.
29.	How often are TINs issued by the SIRS updat	ed on the national database?
	DailyMonthlyQuarterlyAnnuallyNever	
30.	How is the TIN database used in the adminis	tration of tax in the State?
	Used in making assessments in the absence • Yes	
	O No	
	Used in taxpayer engagement strategies to identify target groups?	The TIN database provides a large set of taxpayer information that can be used to improve tax administration and enforcement.
	YesNo	
	Used in target setting and planning?YesNo	

31.	Do all government employees at State MDA and LGA level have TINs?	
	YesNo	For all employees to have TINs, They must be registered under the State's taxpayer database, not just its payroll database
32.	Does the SIRS issue a registration pack w taxpayers at the point of registration?	vith basic guidance to new ①
	YesNo	Registration packs provide the taxpayer with basic information such as his/her rights, obligations, filing and payment due dates.
33a.	a. Does the SIRS use a new and simplified tax return?	
	Yes	①
	o No	Tax returns are used by taxpayers and business owners to report to the SIRS how much they
33b.	If yes – how many pages long?	earned and from what sources. The new and simplified tax return should not be confused with the recent print of the old return form that refers to allowances etc., that are no longer applicable.
		1 11 2
33c.	Is the form standardised, well laid out and	legible?
	• Yes • No	
34a.	Are tax returns freely and publicly available	e? <u>(</u>)
	YesNo	For a tax return to be publicly available, it must be accessible freely in all tax offices.
34b.	Are they given out as part of the TIN regist	ration pack?
	YesNo	
34c.	Are they available on request? (please tick	as apply)
	 Field offices Head office Mobile information points Sensitisation events Help desks Online Other 	

35a.	Is there clear guidance to completing tax returns?		1
	YesNo	The guidance should be a written annote explains to the tax payer, his/her rigolligations when completing the tax returns.	ghts and
35b.	If Yes, do these include examples and PIT references to each box for clarity?	ates table to ease computation	on, and
	YesNo		
36.	Are tax return forms available online?		
	YesNo		
Efficie	ency of tax assessment method (best of judgeme	nt by tax officers versus self-asso	essment)
37.	Are assessments always issued by the SIRS	?	
	YesNo		
38.	How does self-assessment operate in prac	tice in the State?	(1)
	Most of the timeSometimesRarelyNever	The term 'self-assessment' refers to the fis the individual's or business responsibility to work out how much tax should pay. Where taxpayers fail to obligation, the SIRS may exercise its rigit the law to issue a best of judger assessment purposes	owner's he or she meet this hts under
39.	Do you get self-assessment returns that re (please tick as apply)	port the following taxes?	
	Personal Income TaxCapital Gains TaxSales TaxOthers		
40.	Do you have any desk guidance for staff m Judgement (BoJ) assessments?	aking objective Best of	(!)
	11112 ETTELL 100H 477477HHHHY		

41.	Are the taxpayer's rights to object to the SIRS best of judgement assessment clearly communicated?	
	• Yes • No	When a taxpayer's rights are clearly communicated, his/her rights, filing and payment due dates are clearly written in the BoJ assessment. The taxpayer should also be informed that his/her objection can be settled by going to a Tax Appeal Tribunal or a High Court, and that objections must be submitted in writing and filed within 30 days.
42a.	Do you have a documented objection to as	ssessments process?
	YesNo	The SIRS may have an established written process for managing the documentation of objections to the BoJA, such as who reviews or approves changes to the BoJA. The guidance document should be available to all staff in the assessment
42b.	If Yes, does this process ensure that the same person who raised the assessment does not decide on the final validity of the assessment?	department to ensure that BoJAs are consistent, defendable and sufficient.
	• Yes • No	
43.	In the last year, how many objections ha Tribunal?	ve been referred to the Tax Appea
	 0 -10 objections 10 - 20 objections 20 - 50 objections 50+ objections 	
	Mark this form as complete (note that you will not be abl	e to edit this form after you check this box)

TAX PROCESSES

Tax payment (cash paid to tax officers versus bank and electronic payment)

44a.	a. Is there a central platform for the collection of taxes in the State?						
	YesNo	The central platform is the pay through which taxes, levies, charg paid.					
	If yes, briefly describe how it works?						
44b.	Does the platform collect all taxes, levie	s and charges including tho	se of MDAs?				
	○ Yes ○ No						
44c.	Does the platform collect ALL taxes, lev	ies and charges including the	ose of LGAs?				
	○ Yes ○ No						
45.	Is the platform automated?						
	YesNo						
46.	Does it provide management and accou	unting information ?	(!)				
	Online: • Yes • No	A payment platform that provid and accounting information sh show the payment history of any	ould be able to				
	Real time: Yes No						
47a.	Does the SIRS use agents/tax consultar	ts to collect taxes/levies on i	ts behalf?				
	YesNo	Tax consultants/agents are companies who are not members but are engaged to collect spectoehalf.	s of the SIRS staff				
47b.	If Yes, are these	benuij.					
	Taxes collected by agents in addition to • Yes • No	SIRS staff:					

	Taxes exclusively collected by agents: Yes No	
	Are taxes etc. collected by agents first polytes No	aid into an escrow account?
47c.	If Yes, which of the following taxes/levie (please tick as apply)	s are collected by agents/consultants?
	 □ Personal Income Tax □ PAYE □ WHT (individuals and partnerships) □ Sales Taxes □ Advertising Taxes □ Property Taxes □ Other Taxes/ Levies (please specify) 	
48a.	Does any MDA collect taxes / levies / cha	arges on behalf of the SIRS?
48b.	YesNoIf Yes, what taxes/levies?	This question refers to collections, not assessments which are routinely made by the relevant MDAs.
49a.	Does the SIRS collect any revenue on be	half of the Local Governments?
	YesNo	To address the incidence of multiple taxation, the SIRS may sign a memorandum of understanding with local governments in the State, to collect taxes/levies on their behalf.
49b.	If Yes, what taxes/levies?	
50a.	Does the SIRS collect all MDA revenues?	
	YesNo	
50b.	If Yes, what taxes/levies?	

51a.	Are payments of ALL taxes and levies mad account held in a bank?	de directly to a nominated government
	YesNo	
51b.	If No, what is the payment mechanism for	the State? (briefly explain)
Chec	ks and balances for audit purposes	
52a.	Does the Internal Audit unit/department a levies collected?	audit payments for all taxes and
	○Yes ○No	
52b.	If Yes, has this been carried out for the following years?	The SIRS should have an internal Audit department. Good practice dictates that the Internal audit unit reports directly to the Board or to the Chairman to maintain its independence. The department's responsibility is to establish
	2015 • Yes • No	and ensure compliance with internal control mechanisms for managing risk, and governance processes for operations (including financial or management processes) in the Service. This
	2016 • Yes • No	includes payment of taxes and levies into designated accounts after collection.
	2017 • Yes • No	
53a.	Does the State conduct external audits fo taxes and levies?	r payments collected in respect of
	⊙Yes ⊙No	External audits may be carried out by the State
53b.	If Yes, has this been carried out for the following years?	Auditor General or by a 3rd party audit firm commissioned by the Board. The objective of the external auditor is to establish the financial
	2015 • Yes • No	position of the Service at a given time, usually at the end of the financial year.

	○ No	
	2017 • Yes • No	
54.	Is there a revenue accounting department	in the SIRS? ①
	YesNo	The Revenue Accounting department may be a sub-unit of the finance function, but their responsibility is to ensure that revenue sources are accounted for and reconciled. This will ensure that the SIRS documents all assessments raised by it or State MDAs; matches these with revenues remitted; and has a clear handle on outstanding revenues (or debts).
55.	Is the revenue accounting department differ collection department?YesNo	Some SIRS have the revenue accounting responsibility carried out under the collection or enforcement units, but this is not good practice as it does not provide the necessary independence between these functional activities.
	Mark this form as complete (note that you will not be able	e to edit this form after you check this box)
	INFORCEMENT city for taxpayer audits	
56a.	Has the State conducted taxpayer tax audi	ts?
56b	YesNoIf Yes, has it been conducted in the last:	A taxpayer audit is an examination of an individual's or business entity's tax return by the SIRS, to ensure that their income declaration and deductions claimed are accurate. The term 'tax investigation' is used where fraud and deliberate
	Six monthsOne yearOver a year	false declarations are suspected. It is much more detailed than an audit investigation which is more fractious and contentious. See the NGF's audit guide for additional information.
56c	If Yes - how many cases are: Working	

	Concluded in the last one year 1 - 10 10 - 20 20 - 50 50+	
57.	How many trained audit staff does the SIRS	S have?
	0 - 23 - 55+	
58.	Is there a special unit for HNWIs?	①
	YesNo	High Net Worth Individuals (HNWIs) is a category of individuals whose income (and taxes) exceed a given threshold set by the SIRS. Engagement with this group is usually more technical; hence, they require the expertise of a specialised team.
59a.	Does the SIRS have a unit that handled VAII June 2018?	DS cases prior to its closing in
	YesNo	The Voluntary Asset and Income Declaration Scheme (VAIDS) provided a time-limited opportunity for taxpayers to regularize their tax
59b.	If Yes, how many staff are in the unit?	status. In exchange for fully and honestly declaring previously undisclosed assets and
	• 0 - 3 • 3 - 9	income, taxpayers benefited from forgiveness of overdue interest and penalties, and the assurance they will not face criminal prosecution
	• 10+	for tax offences or tax investigations. The scheme was in force from July 2017 – June 2018.
59c.	How are VAIDS cases currently handled?	
	By HNWI unitNo special arrangementBy a special teamOther	
60.	Are HNWls identified in the taxpayer datab	ase?
	YesNo	
61.	Have actions been taken to assess and/or r	ecover taxes from HNWIs?
	YesNo	

Inter	r-Agency Cooperation									
62.	What is the level of inter-agency cooperation in the State?									
	FullPartial									
63.	Does the SIRS make the presentation mandatory for processing driver's li		icate (TCC)							
	YesNo									
Tax L	Debt Enforcement									
64.	Does the SIRS have a tax debt enfor	rcement department?	(!)							
	YesNo	Tax debt enforcement deals with coassessment is not in dispute or whave been settled but the taxpayer pay his/her outstanding tax. In these cases, enforcement and include: i. Cases taken to a High Court revenue court ii. Distraint under the authority of In joint audits and related joint FIRS, a distraint can be levied worder.	where disputes has refused to collection may to a special facourt order. c-cases with the							
65.	Are agents or consultants involved i	in the collecting of outstanding ta	exes?							
	YesNo									
66a.	Has the SIRS conducted any tax enf or by distrain action in the last one	_	he courts							
	YesNo									
66b.	If Yes, how many actions?									
	0 - 10 enforcement actions10 - 20 enforcement actions									

o 20 - 50 enforcement actions • 50+ enforcement actions

Tax Awareness Campaigns

67.	Are taxpayers aware of the taxes they have to pay, the rates and the proced for making a return and self-assessment?								
	YesNoPartially	Tax awareness is a critical aspect of the tax administration process. If taxpayers do not fully understand their rights and obligations, the necessary processes for making returns, objections and final payment, including the allowance to pay in instalments, they will either avoid or evade tax payments.							
68.	Which of the following tax education prograused in the last 12 months? (tick as apply)	ammes or channels has the SIRS							
	NewspapersRadio jinglesTV programmesRoad shows	Tax education programmes are designed a strategic engagement activities with the public o members of a group of taxpayers such a associations and market traders.							
	Workshops								
	Others, (please specify)								
69.	Does the SIRS evaluate the effectiveness of	these channels by increase in:							
	IGR?	\bigcirc							
	Yes								
	• No	The impact of tax education programmes may be assessed for efficiency, cost and impact. This will							
	TIN Registration?	ensure efficient allocation of scarce resources to the most effective channel of communication.							
	Yes								
	• No								
	Tax Appeal Tribunal (TAT Cases)? • Yes • No								
	Complaints?								
	·								
	Yes								

Comp	plaints	
70a.	Does the SIRS use SERVICOM?	
70b.	YesNoIf Yes, please explain briefly:	When taxpayers have issues with the SIRS, besides objections to assessments, there is the need to have a channel for receiving such complaints. SERVICOM is one of such channels.
71. F	How many complaints have been handled in	the last 6 months?
	< 2020 - 5050+	This question addresses complaints related to the taxpayer-tax authority relationship, including complaints about the internal working environment of the SIRS and staff behaviour. It does not include objections to assessments.
72.	How many process changes have been main the last 6 months?	de as a result of complaints ①
	0123+	This question refers to changes made to improve internal processes in the SIRS such as staff retraining to close skills-gap, the development of a guidance note or reporting template or the sequence of enforcement actions. This does not include changes to assessments as a result of objections.
73.	How long does it take to process TCCs?	
	Same daywithin 1 weekwithin 2 weeksOver 3 weeks	The Tax Clearance Certificate is an important document required for various transactions. Following an application by the taxpayer, the SIRS is expected to issue a TCC.
74.	In the last 12 months, what is the total num	nber of complaints that have been

resolved in the taxpayer's favour?

75.	75. In the last 12 months, what is the total number of complaints that have been resolved in the SIRS favour?							
		Note that this excludes objections to assessment. It only covers complaints such as poor staff behaviour, lack of clarity on filings, failure to follow procedures or service level agreements.						
Doub	le Taxation between State and Local Govern	nment						
76a.	Is the statutory Joint State Revenue Commi	ttee functioning?						
	YesNo	The Joint State Revenue Committee is a State - based committee fashioned along the line of JTB. It comprises of representatives of the State Internal Revenue Service, local government						
76b.	If yes, how often does it meet?	revenue committees and affairs and an observer from the Revenue Mobilisation, Allocation and						
	Weekly	Fiscal Commission. The JSRC can be a mechanism to address the incidence of double taxation,						
	• Monthly	through the signing of an MoU between the State and LGAs to collect certain taxes at the same						
	• Quarterly	time. S92 PITA 2004 (as amended 2011)						
	AnnuallyNever							
	- Nevel							
User	Charges for Public Services							
77.	Does the State have charges for utilities? (p	lease tick as apply)						
	■Water							
	□ Electricity							
	■ Sanitation							
	■ Markets							
	Transportation							
	Public transport							
	Others, please specify							
78.	Does the State have charges for education	services?						
	-							

No

79.	Does the State have charges for health services?	
	YesNo	
80.	Please add any comments or suggestions in the section below.	

APPENDIX

IGR DATA

Revenue Category	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
PAYE												
Tax Audit/Back Duty												
WHT (AII)												
Direct Assessment												
Direct Assessment (Informal Sector)												
Capital Gains Tax												
MDA Revenues												
Other Taxes/Levies/Charges												
TOTAL												

Other Statistics

Data Category	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Taxpayer Registration No of TINs												
New Monthly TINs registered												
No of Taxes/Levies Instruments amended/passed/signed in the month												
Number of Tax Education Activities												
Number of Tax Appeal Tribunal (TAT) cases												
Number of Tax debt cases in Court												
Number of High Net Worth Taxpayers												1
Number of Motor Vehicle Licenses												

N/B: data are reported as per month recorded

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